

CM ADVISORS FUND
Class I Shares (Ticker CMAFX)
Class C Shares (Ticker CMCFX)
Class R Shares (Ticker CMFRX)

SERIES OF THE CM ADVISORS FAMILY OF FUNDS
Supplement to Prospectuses dated July 1, 2011

This supplement updates certain information contained in each of the Class I Shares, Class C Shares and Class R Shares prospectuses (the “Prospectuses”) for the CM Advisors Fund (the “Fund”). You may obtain copies of the Fund’s Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information free of charge on the Fund’s website at www.cmadvisorsfunds.com, or upon request by calling toll-free 1-888-859-5856 or writing the Fund at 805 Las Cimas Parkway, Suite 430, Austin, Texas 78746.

Effective February 1, 2012, the Investment Advisory Agreement for the Fund was amended to reduce the investment advisory fee payable to Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors), the investment advisor to the Fund (the “Advisor”), from 1.25% to 1.00% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. Accordingly, the Prospectuses for the Fund are being revised as set forth below:

Class I Shares Prospectus

The following sections under the heading “Fees and Expenses of the Fund” are replaced in their entirety by the following:

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	<u>Class I Shares</u>
Management Fees ¹	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.27%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ¹	<u>1.28%</u>

¹ *Management Fees and Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses have been restated to reflect a contractual reduction in the Management Fees due to the Advisor from 1.25% to 1.00% of the Advisors Fund’s average daily net assets.*

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$ 130	\$ 406	\$ 702	\$1,545

The 2nd paragraph of the section titled “Management and Administration – Investment Advisor” should be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

The Advisor has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with each Fund (the “Advisory Agreements”) under which the Advisor selects the securities and manages the investments for the Funds, subject to the oversight of the Board. Under the Advisory Agreements, the Small Cap Value Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of its average daily net assets, the Opportunity Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.25% of its

average daily net assets, and the Fixed Income Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 0.50% of its average daily net assets. Effective February 1, 2012, the Advisors Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of its average daily net assets; prior to February 1, 2012, the Advisors Fund paid the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.25% of its average daily net assets. The total management fee paid, as a percentage of average net assets, for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011 was 1.23% for the Advisors Fund and 0.50% for the Fixed Income Fund. The Advisor waived its entire management fee for the fiscal period ended February 28, 2011 for the Opportunity Fund. Information regarding management fees paid by the Small Cap Value Fund is not provided because the Fund is newly organized and therefore no financial information is included in this Prospectus.

Class R Shares Prospectus

The following sections under the heading “Fees and Expenses of the Fund” are replaced in their entirety by the following:

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	<u>Class R Shares</u>
Management Fees ¹	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.27%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ¹	<u>1.53%</u>

¹ Management Fees and Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses have been restated to reflect a contractual reduction in the Management Fees due to the Advisor from 1.25% to 1.00% of the Advisors Fund’s average daily net assets.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Class R shares of the Advisors Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class R shares of the Advisors Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$ 156	\$ 483	\$ 834	\$1,824

Class C Shares Prospectus

The following sections under the heading “Fees and Expenses of the Fund” are replaced in their entirety by the following:

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	<u>Class C Shares</u>
Management Fees ¹	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	1.00%
Other Expenses	0.27%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	<u>0.01%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ¹	<u>2.28%</u>

¹ Management Fees and Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses have been restated to reflect a contractual reduction in the Management Fees due to the Advisor from 1.25% to 1.00% of the Advisors Fund’s average daily net assets.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Class C shares of the Advisors Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class C shares of the Advisors Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$ 231	\$ 712	\$1,220	\$2,615

Class C Shares and Class R Shares Prospectuses

The 2nd paragraph of the section titled "Management and Administration – Investment Advisor" should be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

The Advisor has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with each Fund (the "Advisory Agreements") under which the Advisor selects the securities and manages the investments for the Funds, subject to the oversight of the Board. Under the Advisory Agreements, the Small Cap Value Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of its average daily net assets. Effective February 1, 2012, the Advisors Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of its average daily net assets; prior to February 1, 2012, the Advisors Fund paid the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.25% of its average daily net assets. The total management fee paid, as a percentage of average net assets, for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011 was 1.23% for the Advisors Fund. Information regarding management fees paid by the Small Cap Value Fund is not provided because the Fund is newly organized and therefore no financial information is included in this Prospectus.

For further information, please contact the Advisors Fund toll-free at 1-888-859-5856.

Investors Should Retain This Supplement for Future Reference

CM ADVISORS FUND

Class I Shares (Ticker CMAFX)

Class C Shares (Ticker CMACX)

Class R Shares (Ticker CMFRX)

CM ADVISORS SMALL CAP VALUE FUND

Class I Shares (Ticker CMOVX)

Class C Shares (Ticker CMVCX)

Class R Shares (Ticker CMRVX)

CM ADVISORS FIXED INCOME FUND

Ticker CMFIX

SERIES OF THE CM ADVISORS FAMILY OF FUNDS

Supplement to Prospectuses dated July 1, 2011

The prospectuses (the “Prospectuses”), each dated July 1, 2011, of the CM Advisors Fund (the “Advisors Fund”), the CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund (the “Small Cap Value Fund”) and the CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund (the “Fixed Income Fund”, and together with the Advisors Fund and Small Cap Value Fund, the “Funds”) are hereby amended to reflect changes in the portfolio managers of the Funds. For further information, please contact the Funds toll-free at 1-888-859-5856.

Changes to the Prospectus of the Class I Shares of the Advisors Fund, the Class I Shares of Small Cap Value Fund and the Fixed Income Fund

The following sections of the Prospectus of the Class I Shares of the Advisors Fund and the Class I Shares of the Small Cap Value Fund and the Fixed Income Fund should be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Fund Summary: CM Advisors Fund

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

Arnold Van Den Berg, James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund.

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
Arnold Van Den Berg	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Advisors Fund's inception in 2003
James D. Brilliant	Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Advisors Fund's inception in 2003
Stephen W. Shipman	Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011

Fund Summary: CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Small Cap Value Fund.

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
James D. Brilliant	Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Small Cap Value Fund's inception in 2011
Stephen W. Shipman	Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011

Fund Summary: CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

Arnold Van Den Berg and David K. Woytek are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fixed Income Fund.

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
Arnold Van Den Berg	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011 and previously from the Fixed Income Fund's Inception to 2009
David K. Woytek	Research/Credit Analyst and Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011

*The 4th through 7th paragraphs of the section of the Prospectus of the Class I Shares of the Advisors Fund, the Small Cap Value Fund and the Fixed Income Fund titled “**Management and Administration – Investment Advisor**” should be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:*

Arnold Van Den Berg, James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg is Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He oversees the management and administration of the Funds and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg founded the Advisor in 1974 and has worked in the investment management business for over 40 years. Mr. Brilliant is Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and has been employed by the Advisor since 1986. Mr. Brilliant has more than 23 years of investment management and financial analysis experience and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Shipman, Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, is a CFA and has been employed by the Advisor since 2009. Mr. Shipman has more than 25 years of investment management and financial industry experience. Prior to joining the Advisor, he served as Executive Vice President and Director of Research of Bjurman, Barry & Associates from 1997-2009. Mr. Shipman has served as a member of the investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since October 17, 2011.

Mr. Brilliant and Mr. Shipman are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Small Cap Value Fund. Mr. Brilliant has managed the Small Cap Value Fund since its inception. Mr. Shipman has managed the Small Cap Value Fund since October 17, 2011.

The Opportunity Fund has been managed by Mr. Shipman since its inception.

The Fixed Income Fund is managed by Arnold Van Den Berg and David K. Woytek, who became jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management the Fixed Income Fund on October 17, 2011. Mr. Van Den Berg previously managed the Fixed Income Fund for the period from the Fixed Income Fund's inception to 2009. Mr. Woytek, Research/Credit Analyst and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, is a CFA, and also holds the designations of Certified Public Accountant, Certified Financial Planner, Chartered Financial Consultant and Chartered Life Underwriter. He has been employed by the Advisor since 2004. He has more than 11 years of investment management and financial industry experience.

Changes to the Prospectus of the Class C Shares of the Advisors Fund and the Class C Shares of the Small Cap Value Fund and the Prospectus of the Class R Shares of the Advisors Fund and Class R Shares of the Small Cap Value Fund

The following sections of the Prospectus of the Class C Shares of the Advisors Fund and Class C Shares of the Small Cap Value Fund and the Prospectus of the Class R Shares of the Advisors Fund and Class R Shares of the Advisors Small Cap Value Fund should be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

Fund Summary: CM Advisors Fund

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

Arnold Van Den Berg, James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund.

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
Arnold Van Den Berg	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Advisors Fund's inception in 2003
James D. Brilliant	Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Advisor's Fund inception in 2003
Stephen W. Shipman	Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011

Fund Summary: CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Small Cap Value Fund.

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
James D. Brilliant	Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since the Small Cap Value Fund's inception in 2011
Stephen W. Shipman	Portfolio Manager	Since October 17, 2011

*The 4th and 5th paragraphs of the section of the Prospectuses of the Class C Shares and Class R Shares of the Advisors Fund and the Small Cap Value Fund titled “**Management and Administration – Investment Advisor**” should be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:*

Arnold Van Den Berg, James D. Brilliant and Stephen W. Shipman are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg is Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He oversees the management and administration of the Funds and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg founded the Advisor in 1974 and has worked in the investment management business for over 40 years. Mr. Brilliant is Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and has been employed by the Advisor since 1986. Mr. Brilliant has more than 23 years of investment management and financial analysis experience and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Shipman, Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, is a CFA and has been employed by the Advisor since 2009. Mr. Shipman has more than 25 years of investment management and financial industry experience. Prior to joining the Advisor, he served as Executive Vice President and Director of Research of Bjurman, Barry & Associates from 1997-2009. Mr. Shipman has served as a member of the investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since October 17, 2011.

Mr. Brilliant and Mr. Shipman are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Small Cap Value Fund. Mr. Brilliant has managed the Small Cap Value Fund since its inception. Mr. Shipman has managed the Small Cap Fund since October 17, 2011.

Investors Should Retain This Supplement for Future Reference

CM ADVISORS FUND

Class I Shares

Ticker CMAFX

CM ADVISORS SMALL CAP VALUE FUND

Class I Shares

Ticker CMOVX

CM ADVISORS OPPORTUNITY FUND

Ticker CMOGX

CM ADVISORS FIXED INCOME FUND

Ticker CMFIX

SERIES OF THE CM ADVISORS FAMILY OF FUNDS

PROSPECTUS

July 1, 2011

Managed By
Van Den Berg Management I, Inc.
(d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)
805 Las Cimas Parkway, Suite 430
Austin, Texas 78746

For questions or for Shareholder Services, please call 1-888-859-5856.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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CM ADVISORS FUND

Fund Summary

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the CM Advisors Fund (the “Advisors Fund”) is long-term growth of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Class I shares of the Advisors Fund.

	<u>Class I Shares</u>
Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a % of the amount redeemed within 180 days after purchase)	1%
Exchange Fee	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	<u>Class I Shares</u>
Management Fees	1.25%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.27%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ¹	<u>0.01%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.53%
Less Fee Waivers ²	<u>0.02%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers ^{1,2}	<u><u>1.51%</u></u>

¹ “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” will not correlate to the ratios of expenses to average net assets in the Advisors Fund’s Financial Highlights, which reflect the operating expenses of the Advisors Fund and do not include “Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.”

² The Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Advisors Fund under which it has agreed until July 1, 2012 to waive its fees and to reimburse other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits the Fund’s annual operating expenses (exclusive of interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, extraordinary expenses and payments, if any, under a Rule 12b-1 Plan) to not more than 1.50% of its average daily net assets. The Expense Limitation Agreement cannot be terminated prior to July 1, 2012 without the approval of the Board of Trustees (the “Board” or “Trustees”).

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same, and the contractual agreement to waive management fees and reimburse other Advisors Fund expenses remains in effect only until July 1, 2012. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$ 154	\$ 481	\$ 832	\$1,822

Portfolio Turnover

The Advisors Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Advisors Fund are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Advisors Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Advisors Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES OF THE ADVISORS FUND

To meet its investment objective, the Advisors Fund invests primarily in equity securities of companies that the Advisors Fund's investment advisor, Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. d/b/a CM Fund Advisors (the "Advisor"), believes are undervalued. The Advisors Fund typically invests in common stocks, although it may also invest in other equity securities (e.g., preferred stocks, convertible bonds, convertible preferred stocks, and warrants). In addition, the Advisors Fund retains the flexibility to invest in fixed income securities (e.g., corporate bonds or U.S. Government securities) or cash or cash equivalents (e.g., shares of money market funds, short-term U.S. Government obligations, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements) when the Advisor believes they offer more attractive opportunities.

Equity Securities. In selecting equity securities for the Advisors Fund's portfolio, the Advisor:

- Applies research models to determine a company's intrinsic value. Intrinsic value is a concept that refers to what a company is "really" worth. Investment advisors that use intrinsic value (like the Advisor) believe that a company's real value can be best determined by analyzing business, financial, and other factors about the company and its market, and that a company's market price gravitates toward its intrinsic value over time. Accordingly, if the market price of the company's securities is above the Advisor's determination of its intrinsic value, the Advisor believes that the market price will, over time, fall. If the market price is below its intrinsic value, then the Advisor believes it will, over time, rise.

- Compares the company’s intrinsic value to the market prices of the company’s securities; and
- Seeks to purchase equity securities of companies that appear to be “bargains” (i.e., securities that are trading at a significant discount to their intrinsic value).

In an effort to determine a company’s intrinsic value, the Advisor’s research models utilize various quantitative, qualitative, fundamental, and other factors about a company and its business. This information can include, without limitation, historical analysis, acquisition analysis, discounted free cash flow models and leveraged buyout models. The Advisor also monitors acquisition prices for companies in various industries, and may communicate with companies, their suppliers and customers as part of its research process. Because a company’s business, financial, and market circumstances are always changing, the Advisor evaluates intrinsic value for companies in and out of its portfolio on a regular basis.

The Advisors Fund may invest in equity securities of companies of any size or in any sector. The Advisors Fund’s equity securities may be traded on a national securities exchange or over-the-counter.

Fixed Income Securities. While income from fixed income securities (i.e., interest payments made on bonds and notes) will be a consideration in analyzing potential fixed income securities for the Advisors Fund, the Advisor’s primary criteria for fixed income securities relates to their appreciation potential. In selecting fixed income securities for the Advisors Fund, the Advisor generally:

- Reviews the maturity, yield, and ratings from nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (including Standard & Poor’s (“S&P”), Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”) and Fitch, Inc. (“Fitch”)) of a fixed income security, both independently and in relation to the Advisors Fund’s current portfolio;
- Analyzes the current and projected financial and economic conditions of the issuer and the market for its securities using proprietary research models; and
- Seeks to purchase fixed income securities that the Advisor believes (i) fit the desired mix of fixed income securities for the portfolio (e.g., the types of securities, maturities, and yields then targeted for the Advisors Fund); and (ii) offer opportunities for price appreciation.

The Advisors Fund may, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities of any maturity or yield, provided that corporate debt obligations shall primarily be “investment grade” securities rated in one of the four highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agencies or, if not so rated, will be of equivalent quality in the opinion of the Advisor. The Advisors Fund may also, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities in any sector and issued by any size company, municipality or government body.

While the Advisors Fund’s primary focus is on investments in equity and fixed income securities, the Advisors Fund may invest in cash or cash equivalent positions when the Advisor believes the equity and fixed income securities markets offer limited investment opportunity or are overpriced. The Advisors Fund may hold cash or cash equivalent positions for extended periods of time while the Advisor waits for the equity and fixed income securities markets to offer more attractive opportunities.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE ADVISORS FUND

All investments carry risks, and an investment in the Advisors Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all of the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment in the Advisors Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Advisors Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Advisors Fund are generally described below:

- **Market Risk** – Stock prices are volatile. Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Advisors Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Advisors Fund’s share price will change daily based on many factors that may generally affect the stock market, including fluctuations in interest rates, national and international economic conditions, and general equity market conditions. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies (including those in the Advisors Fund’s portfolio) may decline, regardless of their long-term prospects.
- **Interest Rate Risk** – Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company’s future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors’ collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates. In addition, to the extent the Advisors Fund invests in fixed income securities, the Fund will be subject to the risk that, in general, prices of fixed income securities will decline when interest rates rise. These fluctuations in fixed income security prices will be more marked with respect to long-term bonds than with respect to short-term bonds and with respect to lower-rated securities than with respect to higher-rated securities. In addition, the prices of lower coupon bonds are generally more volatile than higher coupon bonds of the same approximate maturity and credit quality.
- **Management Style Risk** – Different styles of management tend to shift into and out of favor with stock market investors depending on market and economic conditions. Because the Advisors Fund intends to invest primarily in value-oriented stocks (stocks that the Advisor believes are undervalued), the Advisors Fund’s performance may at times be better or worse than the performance of stock funds that focus on other types of stocks (e.g., “growth” stocks selected for growth potential), or that have a broader investment style.
- **Business and Sector Risk** – From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular sector or certain companies within the sector, while having little or no impact on other sectors or other companies within the sector. For instance, economic or market factors, regulation or deregulation, and technological or other developments may negatively impact all companies in a particular sector. To the extent the Advisors Fund invests heavily in a particular sector that experiences such a negative impact, the value of the Advisors Fund’s portfolio will be adversely affected.
- **Small Cap Risk** – Stocks of small cap companies generally have more risks than those of larger companies. This greater risk is, in part, attributable to the fact that small cap companies may have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential

development than larger companies. Because small cap companies normally have fewer shares outstanding than larger companies, it may be more difficult to buy or sell significant amounts of such shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing prices. In addition, small cap companies may not be well-known to the investing public, may not be followed by the financial press or industry analysts, and may not have institutional ownership. These factors affect the Advisor's access to information about the companies and the stability of the markets for the companies' securities. Due to these and other factors, small cap companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger companies. In addition, the market for small cap securities may be more limited than the market for larger companies.

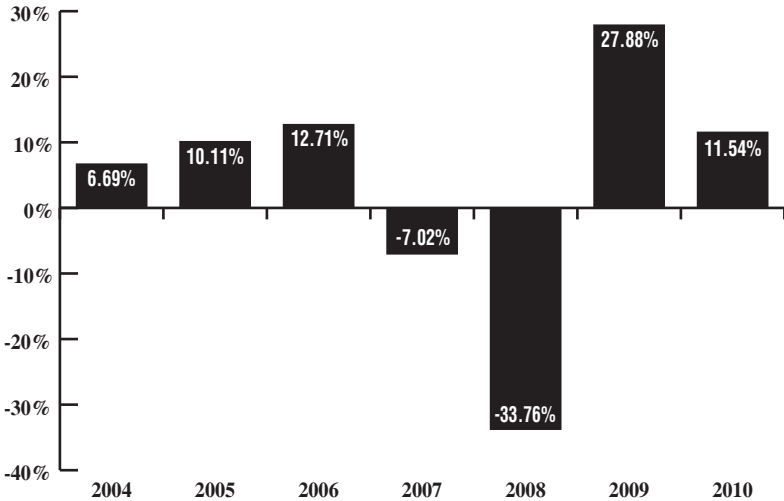
- **Credit Risk** – The Advisors Fund's fixed income securities will be subject to credit risks. Issuers of fixed income securities who are experiencing difficult economic circumstances, either because of a general economic downturn or individual circumstances, may be unable to make interest payments on their fixed income securities when due. Additionally, issuers of fixed income securities may be unable to repay the principal upon maturity of their fixed income securities. These "credit risks" are reflected in the credit ratings assigned to fixed income securities by organizations such as Moody's, S&P or Fitch and may cause the price of a fixed income security to decline and may affect liquidity for the security. Normally, fixed income securities with lower credit ratings will have higher yields than fixed income securities with the highest credit ratings, reflecting the relatively greater risk of fixed income securities with lower credit ratings.
- **Maturity Risk** – Maturity risk is another factor that can affect the value of the Advisors Fund's fixed income security holdings. In general, but not in all cases, the longer the maturity of a fixed income security, the higher its yield and the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Conversely, the shorter the maturity, the lower the yield but the greater the price stability. The Advisors Fund will be subject to greater maturity risk to extent it is invested in fixed income securities with longer maturities.
- **Risks Related to Other Equity Securities** – In addition to common stocks, the equity securities in the Advisors Fund's portfolio may include preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, convertible bonds, and warrants. Like common stocks, the value of these equity securities may fluctuate in response to many factors, including the activities of the issuer, general market and economic conditions, interest rates, and specific industry changes. Also, regardless of any one company's particular prospects, a declining stock market may produce a decline in prices for all equity securities, which could also result in losses for the Advisors Fund. Convertible securities entitle the holder to receive interest payments or a dividend preference until the security matures, is redeemed, or the conversion feature is exercised. As a result of the conversion feature, the interest rate or dividend preference is generally less than if the securities were non-convertible. Warrants entitle the holder to purchase equity securities at specific prices for a certain period of time. The prices do not necessarily move parallel to the prices of the underlying securities and the warrants have no voting rights, receive no dividends, and have no rights with respect to the assets of the issuer.

- **Other Investment Companies Risk** – Investments in other investment companies subject the Advisors Fund to additional operating and management fees and expenses. Investors in the Advisors Fund will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying investment company in which the Fund invests, in addition to the Fund’s direct fees and expenses. Other investment companies are also subject to the risks of the underlying securities in which they invest.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The bar chart and table shown below provide some indication of the risks of investing in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Advisors Fund’s Class I shares from year to year and by showing how the average annual total returns of the Class I shares for one year, five years, and since inception compare with those of a broad-based securities market index. How the Advisors Fund has performed in the past (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information, current to the most recent month end, is available by calling 1-888-859-5856.

**CM Advisors Fund Class I shares
Calendar Year Returns**



The year-to-date return of the Advisors Fund’s Class I shares through March 31, 2011 is 3.76%.

Quarterly Returns During This Time Period

Highest: 18.76% (quarter ended June 30, 2009)
 Lowest: -25.65% (quarter ended December 31, 2008)

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2010	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception (May 13, 2003)
CM Advisors Fund - Class I shares			
Return Before Taxes	11.54%	-0.20%	2.79%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	11.48%	-0.64%	2.33%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	7.58%	-0.21%	2.33%
Russell 3000 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	16.93%	2.74%	6.76%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Advisors Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (IRA).

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Managers

James D. Brilliant, Arnold Van Den Berg and Thomas W. Siderewicz are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund

Name	Title with the Advisor	Length of Service to the Fund
James D. Brilliant	Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since 2003
Arnold Van Den Berg	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	Since 2003
Thomas W. Siderewicz	Senior Research Analyst and Portfolio Manager	Since 2009

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

Minimum Initial Investment

\$250,000 (although the minimum may be waived or reduced under certain circumstances)

Minimum Subsequent Investments

There is no minimum additional investment amount except the minimum subsequent investment is \$100 for participants in the automatic investment plan.

General Information

You may purchase or redeem (sell) shares of the Advisors Fund on each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Transactions may be initiated by written request, by telephone or through your financial intermediary. Written requests to the Advisors Fund should be sent to the CM Advisors Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. For more information about purchasing and redeeming shares, please see “How to Buy Shares” and “How to Redeem Shares” in the Prospectus or call 1-888-859-5856 for assistance.

TAX INFORMATION

The Advisors Fund’s distributions are generally taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. If you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, you may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Advisors Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Advisors Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Advisors Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Advisors Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

CM ADVISORS SMALL CAP VALUE FUND

Fund Summary

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund (the “Small Cap Value Fund”), formerly known as the CM Advisors Value Fund, is long-term growth of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Class I shares of the Small Cap Value Fund.

	<u>Class I Shares</u>
Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a % of the amount redeemed within 180 days after purchase)	1%
Exchange Fee	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	<u>Class I Shares</u>
Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses ¹	2.01%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ¹	<u>0.11%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.12%
Less: Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements ²	<u>1.76%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements ²	<u>1.36%</u>

¹ “Other Expenses” and “Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

² The Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Small Cap Value Fund under which it has agreed until July 1, 2012 to waive its fees and to reimburse other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits the Fund’s annual operating expenses (exclusive of interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, extraordinary expenses and payments, if any, under a Rule 12b-1 Plan) to not more than 1.25% of its average daily net assets. The Expense Limitation Agreement cannot be terminated prior to July 1, 2012 without the approval of the Board.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Class I shares of the Small Cap Value Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Class I shares of the Small Cap Value Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same and that the contractual agreement to waive management fees and reimburse other Small Cap Value Fund expenses remains in effect only until July 1, 2012. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>
\$ 138	\$ 797

Portfolio Turnover

The Small Cap Value Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Small Cap Value Fund are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Small Cap Value Fund's performance.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES OF THE SMALL CAP VALUE FUND

To meet its investment objective, the Small Cap Value Fund invests primarily in equity securities of small capitalization companies ("small cap") that the Advisor believes are undervalued. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Small Cap Value Fund's net assets (including the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) will be invested in small cap equity securities, which may include shares of other registered investment companies ("RICs"), such as exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), that invest primarily in small cap equity securities. Small Cap Value Fund shareholders will be provided with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in the foregoing policy.

In managing the Small Cap Value Fund, the Advisor seeks to provide a consistent positive return over the long-term. The Advisor will focus on allocating the assets of the Small Cap Value Fund to those securities and sectors the Advisor believes are best suited to provide positive returns rather than focus on any particular individual security or sector weighting simply because a particular index is modeled a particular way. The Small Cap Value Fund considers a small cap company to be one that has a market capitalization, measured at the time the Fund purchases the securities, not exceeding the greater of (i) \$2.5 billion or (ii) the capitalization of the largest company by market cap as reported by the Russell 2000 Value Index (as reported by the index as of the most recent quarter-end). The Russell 2000 Value Index is a broad index of small capitalization stocks. As of March 31, 2011, the capitalization of the largest company by market cap in the Russell 2000 Value Index was \$4.88 billion. The market capitalization of a company in the Small Cap Value Fund's portfolio may change over time, and the Fund will not automatically sell or cease to purchase stock of a company it already owns just because the company's market capitalization increases above this ceiling.

The Small Cap Value Fund typically invests in common stocks, although it may also invest in other equity securities (e.g., preferred stocks, convertible bonds, convertible preferred stocks, warrants and other RICs). In addition, the Small Cap Value Fund retains the flexibility to invest up to 20% of its net assets in other equity securities (including stock of medium or large capitalization companies), fixed income securities (e.g., corporate bonds or U.S. Government securities) or cash or cash equivalents (e.g., shares of money market funds, short-term U.S. Government obligations, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements) when the Advisor believes they offer more attractive opportunities. The Small Cap Value Fund may purchase fixed income securities of any maturity or yield, provided that corporate debt obligations shall primarily be “investment grade” securities rated in one of the four highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agencies or, if not so rated, will be of equivalent quality in the opinion of the Advisor. The Small Cap Value Fund may also purchase fixed income securities in any sector and issued by any size company, municipality or government body.

In selecting equity securities for the Small Cap Value Fund’s portfolio, the Advisor:

- Applies research models to determine a company’s intrinsic value. Intrinsic value is a concept that refers to what a company is “really” worth. Investment advisors that use intrinsic value (like the Advisor) believe that a company’s real value can be best determined by analyzing business, financial, and other factors about the company and its market, and that a company’s market price gravitates toward its intrinsic value over time. Accordingly, if the market price of the company’s securities is above the Advisor’s determination of its intrinsic value, the Advisor believes that the market price will, over time, fall. If the market price is below its intrinsic value, then the Advisor believes it will, over time, rise.
- Compares the company’s intrinsic value to the market prices of the company’s securities; and
- Seeks to purchase equity securities of companies that appear to be “bargains” (i.e., securities that are trading at a significant discount to their intrinsic value).

In an effort to determine a company’s intrinsic value, the Advisor’s research models utilize various quantitative, qualitative, fundamental, and other factors about a company and its business. This information can include, without limitation, historical analysis, acquisition analysis, discounted free cash flow models and leveraged buyout models. The Advisor also monitors acquisition prices for companies in various industries, and may communicate with companies, their suppliers and customers as part of its research process. Because a company’s business, financial, and market circumstances are always changing, the Advisor evaluates intrinsic value for companies in and out of its portfolio on a regular basis.

The Small Cap Value Fund may invest in equity securities of companies in any sector and the securities may be traded on a national securities exchange or over-the-counter.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE SMALL CAP VALUE FUND

All investments carry risks, and an investment in the Small Cap Value Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all of the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment in the Small Cap Value Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Small Cap Value Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Small Cap Value Fund are generally described below:

- **Market Risk** – Stock prices are volatile. Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Small Cap Value Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Small Cap Value Fund’s share price will change daily based on many factors that may generally affect the stock market, including fluctuations in interest rates, national and international economic conditions, and general equity market conditions. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies (including those in the Small Cap Value Fund’s portfolio) may decline, regardless of their long-term prospects.
- **Small Cap Risk** – Stocks of small cap companies generally have more risks than those of larger companies. This greater risk is, in part, attributable to the fact that small cap companies may have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies. Because small cap companies normally have fewer shares outstanding than larger companies, it may be more difficult to buy or sell significant amounts of such shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing prices. In addition, small cap companies may not be well-known to the investing public, may not be followed by the financial press or industry analysts, and may not have institutional ownership. These factors affect the Advisor’s access to information about the companies and the stability of the markets for the companies’ securities. Due to these and other factors, small cap companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger companies. In addition, the market for small cap securities may be more limited than the market for larger companies.
- **Management Style Risk** – Different styles of management tend to shift into and out of favor with stock market investors depending on market and economic conditions. Because the Small Cap Value Fund intends to invest primarily in value-oriented stocks (stocks that the Advisor believes are undervalued), the Small Cap Value Fund’s performance may at times be better or worse than the performance of stock funds that focus on other types of stocks (e.g., “growth” stocks selected for growth potential), or that have a broader investment style.
- **Business and Sector Risk** – From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular sector or certain companies within the sector, while having little or no impact on other sectors or other companies within the sector. For instance, economic or market factors, regulation or deregulation, and technological or other developments may negatively impact all companies in a particular sector.

To the extent the Small Cap Value Fund invests heavily in a particular sector that experiences such a negative impact, the value of the Small Cap Value Fund's portfolio will be adversely affected.

- **Interest Rate Risk** – Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company's future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors' collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates. In addition, to the extent the Small Cap Value Fund invests in fixed income securities, the Fund will be subject to the risk that, in general, prices of fixed income securities will decline when interest rates rise. These fluctuations in fixed income security prices will be more marked with respect to long-term bonds than with respect to short-term bonds and with respect to lower-rated securities than with respect to higher-rated securities. In addition, the prices of lower coupon bonds are generally more volatile than higher coupon bonds of the same approximate maturity and credit quality.
- **Maturity Risk** – Maturity risk is another factor that can affect the value of the Small Cap Value Fund's fixed income security holdings. In general, but not in all cases, the longer the maturity of a fixed income security, the higher its yield and the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Conversely, the shorter the maturity, the lower the yield but the greater the price stability. The Small Cap Value Fund will be subject to greater maturity risk to extent it is invested in fixed income securities with longer maturities.
- **Credit Risk** – The Small Cap Value Fund's fixed income securities will be subject to credit risks. Issuers of fixed income securities who are experiencing difficult economic circumstances, either because of a general economic downturn or individual circumstances, may be unable to make interest payments on their fixed income securities when due. Additionally, issuers of fixed income securities may be unable to repay the principal upon maturity of such securities. These "credit risks" are reflected in the credit ratings assigned to fixed income securities by organizations such as Moody's, S&P or Fitch and may cause the price of a fixed income security to decline and may affect liquidity for the security. Normally, fixed income securities with lower credit ratings will have higher yields than fixed income securities with the highest credit ratings, reflecting the relatively greater risk of fixed income securities with lower credit ratings.
- **Risks Related to Other Equity Securities** - In addition to common stocks, the equity securities in the Small Cap Value Fund's portfolio may include preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, convertible bonds, and warrants. Like common stocks, the value of these equity securities may fluctuate in response to many factors, including the activities of the issuer, general market and economic conditions, interest rates, and specific industry changes. Also, regardless of any one company's particular prospects, a declining stock market may produce a decline in prices for all equity securities, which could also result in losses for the Small Cap Value Fund. Convertible securities entitle the holder to receive interest payments or a dividend preference until the security matures, is redeemed, or the conversion

feature is exercised. As a result of the conversion feature, the interest rate or dividend preference is generally less than if the securities were non-convertible. Warrants entitle the holder to purchase equity securities at specific prices for a certain period of time. The prices do not necessarily move parallel to the prices of the underlying securities and the warrants have no voting rights, receive no dividends, and have no rights with respect to the assets of the issuer.

- **Risks of Investments in Other RICs** – To the extent that it invests in other RICs, the Small Cap Value Fund incurs greater expenses, such as its own management fees and other operating expenses, than an investor would incur who invested directly in the RICs. The Small Cap Value Fund’s investments in other RICs are subject to all of the underlying risks of such RICs. These include such general risks as market risk and management risk. In addition to these risks, the Fund’s investment in a closed-end fund or ETF is subject to the risk that the closed-end fund or ETF may trade at prices significantly different from its net asset value. Investments in a closed-end fund may be subject to liquidity risk (that is, the potential that the Fund may be unable to dispose of the closed-end fund shares promptly or at a reasonable price).

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The Small Cap Value Fund is new and therefore does not have a performance history for a full calendar year to report.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Manager

James D. Brilliant is Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor and has managed the Small Cap Value Fund since its inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

Minimum Initial Investment

\$250,000 (although the minimum may be waived or reduced under certain circumstances)

Minimum Subsequent Investments

There is no minimum additional investment amount except the minimum subsequent investment is \$100 for participants in the automatic investment plan.

General Information

You may purchase or redeem (sell) shares of the Small Cap Value Fund on each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Transactions may be initiated by written request, by telephone or through your financial intermediary. Written requests to the Small Cap Value Fund should be sent to the CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. For more information about purchasing and redeeming shares, please see “How to Buy Shares” and “How to Redeem Shares” in the Prospectus or call 1-888-859-5856 for assistance.

TAX INFORMATION

The Small Cap Value Fund’s distributions are generally taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. If you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, you may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Small Cap Value Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Small Cap Value Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Small Cap Value Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Small Cap Value Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

CM ADVISORS OPPORTUNITY FUND

Fund Summary

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the CM Advisors Opportunity Fund (the “Opportunity Fund”) is long-term growth of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Opportunity Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a % of the amount redeemed within 180 days after purchase)	1%
Exchange Fee	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	1.25%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses ¹	2.90%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ¹	<u>0.15%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	4.30%
Less: Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements ²	<u>2.65%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements ²	<u>1.65%</u>

¹ “Other Expenses” and “Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses” are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

² The Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Opportunity Fund under which it has agreed until July 1, 2012 to waive its fees and to reimburse other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits the Fund’s annual operating expenses (exclusive of interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, extraordinary expenses and payments, if any, under a Rule 12b-1 Plan) to not more than 1.50% of its average daily net assets. The Expense Limitation Agreement cannot be terminated prior to July 1, 2012 without the approval of the Trustees.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Opportunity Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Opportunity Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Opportunity Fund's operating expenses remain the same and that the contractual agreement to waive management fees and reimburse other Opportunity Fund expenses remains in effect only until July 1, 2012. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>
\$ 168	\$1,063

Portfolio Turnover

The Opportunity Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Opportunity Fund are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Opportunity Fund's performance.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES OF THE OPPORTUNITY FUND

To meet its investment objective, the Opportunity Fund invests primarily in common stocks of small cap U.S. companies that the Advisor believes show a high probability of superior prospects for above average growth. The Opportunity Fund considers a small cap company to be one that has a market capitalization, measured at the time the Fund purchases the securities, not exceeding the greater of (i) \$2.5 billion or (ii) the capitalization of the largest company by market cap as reported by the Russell 2000 Growth Index (as reported by the index as of the most recent quarter-end). The Russell 2000 Growth Index is a broad index of small capitalization stocks. As of March 31, 2011, the capitalization of the largest company by market cap in the Russell 2000 Growth Index was \$5.68 billion. The market capitalization of a company in the Opportunity Fund's portfolio may change over time, and the Fund will not automatically sell or cease to purchase stock of a company it already owns just because the company's market capitalization increases above this ceiling. The Fund will also invest in shares of small cap foreign issuers in the form of ADRs and shares of other RICs, including ETFs, that invest primarily in common stocks of small cap companies.

The Opportunity Fund invests in a broadly diversified number of equity securities, selected using a "bottom up" investment approach of extensively analyzing the financial and overall economic conditions of each potential investment. In particular, under this "bottom up" approach, the Advisor analyzes various factors such as capitalization/liquidity ratios, growth ratios (e.g., sales growth, earnings per share and internal profitability), catalyst events (e.g., earnings' revisions, earnings' surprises or disappointments, management changes and product introductions), valuation ratios (e.g., price to sales and price to earnings) and volatility ratios.

The Opportunity Fund may invest up to 50% of its net assets in other RICs. RICs include open-end mutual funds, closed-end funds and ETFs, and incur management fees and other operating expenses. A closed-end fund is a fund that has a set number of shares outstanding and trades like a stock on a stock exchange. ETFs generally consist of portfolios of stocks which closely track the performance and dividend yield of an index, either broad based, sector or international. ETFs trade like common stocks and can be bought and sold throughout a trading day.

The Opportunity Fund may utilize a strategy of short selling securities, including ETFs, to reduce volatility and enhance potential investment gain. The Opportunity Fund may engage in two types of short sales. Securities may be sold “against the box” or outright. A short sale “against the box” means that securities the Opportunity Fund already owns are sold, but not delivered. Instead, these securities are segregated and pledged against the short position. When the short sale is closed out, the securities owned are released. Outright short selling involves the sale of securities not presently owned by the Opportunity Fund. If the Opportunity Fund does not purchase that security in the same day as the sale, the security must be borrowed (typically, from a broker/dealer). At the time an outright short sale is affected, the Opportunity Fund incurs an obligation to replace the security borrowed at whatever its price may be at the time the Fund purchases the security for delivery to the lender. Any gain or loss on the transaction is taxable as a short-term capital gain or loss. The Opportunity Fund may also invest in RICs that seek investment results that are inverse to those of an index.

The Opportunity Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in foreign securities traded on foreign exchanges. The Opportunity Fund may also invest in ADRs and ETFs that invest primarily in foreign securities. ADRs are securities that are generally issued by a U.S. bank to U.S. buyers as a substitute for direct ownership of a foreign security and are traded on U.S. exchanges. The Opportunity Fund will invest in foreign securities when, in the Advisor’s opinion, such investments would be advantageous to the Fund and would help it to achieve its investment objective.

While the Opportunity Fund’s primary focus is on investments in common stocks of small cap companies, the Fund may invest in cash or cash equivalent positions when the Advisor believes the equity markets offer limited investment opportunity or are overpriced. The Opportunity Fund may hold as much as 50% to 100% of the Opportunity Fund’s portfolio in cash or cash equivalent positions for extended periods of time while the Advisor waits for the equity markets to offer more attractive opportunities.

In addition, the Opportunity Fund retains the flexibility to invest in other equity securities (including stock of medium or large capitalization companies), fixed income securities (e.g., corporate bonds or U.S. Government securities) or cash or cash equivalents (e.g., shares of money market funds, short-term U.S. Government obligations, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements) when the Advisor believes they offer more attractive opportunities. The Opportunity Fund may, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities of any maturity or yield, provided that corporate debt obligations shall primarily be “investment grade” securities rated in one of the four highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agencies or, if not so rated,

will be of equivalent quality in the opinion of the Advisor. The Opportunity Fund may also, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities in any sector and issued by any size company, municipality or government body.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE OPPORTUNITY FUND

All investments carry risks, and an investment in the Opportunity Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all of the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment in the Opportunity Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Opportunity Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Opportunity Fund are generally described below:

- **Market Risk** – Stock prices are volatile. Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Opportunity Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Opportunity Fund’s share price will change daily based on many factors that may generally affect the stock market, including fluctuations in interest rates, national and international economic conditions, and general equity market conditions. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies (including those in the Opportunity Fund’s portfolio) may decline, regardless of their long-term prospects.
- **Small Cap Risk** – Stocks of small cap companies generally have more risks than those of larger companies. This greater risk is, in part, attributable to the fact that small cap companies may have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies. Because small cap companies normally have fewer shares outstanding than larger companies, it may be more difficult to buy or sell significant amounts of such shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing prices. In addition, small cap companies may not be well-known to the investing public, may not be followed by the financial press or industry analysts, and may not have institutional ownership. These factors affect the Advisor’s access to information about the companies and the stability of the markets for the companies’ securities. Due to these and other factors, small cap companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger companies. In addition, the market for small cap securities may be more limited than the market for larger companies.
- **Short Selling Risk** – The risk of price increases is the principal risk of engaging in short sales. The Opportunity Fund may suffer significant losses if the Fund establishes a short position by selling borrowed stock and the stock sold short appreciates rather than depreciates in value, since the price to replace the borrowed shares would be greater than the price the security was sold for by the Fund. If the broker from whom the stock was borrowed requires that the stock be repaid, then the Opportunity Fund could be forced to cover the short position earlier than the Fund otherwise would. If the Opportunity Fund does not have the assets to cover a short sale, then the Fund’s potential losses on the short will be unlimited because the stock’s price may appreciate indefinitely.

- **Interest Rate Risk** – Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company’s future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors’ collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.
- **Maturity Risk** – Maturity risk is another factor that can affect the value of the Opportunity Fund’s fixed income security holdings. In general, but not in all cases, the longer the maturity of a fixed income security, the higher its yield and the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Conversely, the shorter the maturity, the lower the yield but the greater the price stability. The Opportunity Fund will be subject to greater maturity risk to extent it is invested in fixed income securities with longer maturities.
- **Credit Risk** – The Opportunity Fund’s fixed income securities will be subject to credit risks. Issuers of fixed income securities who are experiencing difficult economic circumstances, either because of a general economic downturn or individual circumstances, may be unable to make interest payments on their fixed income securities when due. Additionally, issuers of fixed income securities may be unable to repay the principal upon maturity of such securities. These “credit risks” are reflected in the credit ratings assigned to fixed income securities by organizations such as Moody’s, S&P or Fitch and may cause the price of a fixed income security to decline and may affect liquidity for the security. Normally, fixed income securities with lower credit ratings will have higher yields than fixed income securities with the highest credit ratings, reflecting the relatively greater risk of fixed income securities with lower credit ratings.
- **Management Style Risk** – Different styles of management tend to shift into and out of favor with stock market investors depending on market and economic conditions. Because the Opportunity Fund intends to invest primarily in growth-oriented stocks (stocks that the Advisor selects for their growth potential), the Opportunity Fund’s performance may at times be better or worse than the performance of stock funds that focus on other types of stocks (e.g., “value” stocks that are selected because they are undervalued), or that have a broader investment style.
- **Risks of Investments in Other RICs** – To the extent that it invests in other RICs, the Opportunity Fund incurs greater expenses, such as its own management fees and other operating expenses, than an investor would incur who invested directly in the RICs. The Opportunity Fund’s investments in other RICs are subject to all of the underlying risks of such RICs. These include such general risks as market risk and management risk. In addition to these risks, the Fund’s investment in a closed-end fund or ETF is subject to the risk that the closed-end fund or ETF may trade at prices significantly different from its net asset value. Investments in a closed-end fund may be subject to liquidity risk (that is, the potential that the Fund may be unable to dispose of the closed-end fund shares promptly or at a reasonable price).

- **Foreign Securities Risk** – Investments in foreign securities involve risks that may be different from those of U.S. securities. Foreign securities may not be subject to uniform audit, financial reporting, or disclosure standards, practices, or requirements comparable to those found in the United States. Foreign securities are also subject to the risk of adverse changes in investment or exchange control regulations or currency exchange rates, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, limitations on the removal of funds or other assets, political or social instability and nationalization of companies or industries. In addition, the dividend and interest payable on certain of the Opportunity Fund’s foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes. Foreign securities also involve currency risk, which is the risk that the value of a foreign security will decrease due to changes in the relative value of the U.S. dollar and the security’s underlying foreign currency. ADRs and ETFs investing in foreign securities are subject to risks similar to those associated with direct investments in foreign securities.
- **Emerging Markets Risk** – In addition to the general risks of investing in foreign securities described under “Foreign Securities Risk” above, investments in securities markets of emerging countries, including without limitation, countries in Asia, Latin, Central and South America, Eastern Europe, the Middle East, and Africa, are generally less liquid, are especially subject to greater price volatility, have smaller market capitalizations, have less government regulation and are not subject to as extensive and frequent accounting, financial and other reporting requirements as the securities of more developed countries.
- **Risks Related to Portfolio Turnover** – The Opportunity Fund may sell portfolio securities without regard to the length of time they have been held and, as a result of its trading strategies, the Opportunity Fund will likely have higher portfolio turnover than other mutual funds. Since portfolio turnover may involve paying brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, higher turnover generally results in additional Fund expenses. High rates of portfolio turnover could lower performance of the Opportunity Fund due to these increased costs and may also result in the realization of short-term capital gains. If the Opportunity Fund realizes capital gains when portfolio investments are sold, the Fund must generally distribute those gains to shareholders, increasing the Fund’s taxable distributions. High rates of portfolio turnover in a given year would likely result in short-term capital gains for shareholders that are taxed at ordinary income tax rates.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The Opportunity Fund is new and therefore does not have a performance history for a full calendar year to report.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Manager

Stephen W. Shipman, CFA is a Portfolio Manager of the Advisor and has managed the Opportunity Fund since its inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

Minimum Initial Investment

\$2,500 (\$1,000 for tax-deferred and tax-exempt accounts, including IRA accounts, and \$100 for an automatic investment plan.)

Minimum Subsequent Investments

There is no minimum additional investment amount except for those participating in the automatic investment plan, for which the minimum subsequent investment is \$100.

General Information

You may purchase or redeem (sell) shares of the Opportunity Fund on each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Transactions may be initiated by written request, by telephone or through your financial intermediary. Written requests to the Opportunity Fund should be sent to the CM Advisors Opportunity Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. For more information about purchasing and redeeming shares, please see “How to Buy Shares” and “How to Redeem Shares” in the Prospectus or call 1-888-859-5856 for assistance.

TAX INFORMATION

The Opportunity Fund’s distributions are generally taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. If you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, you may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Opportunity Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Opportunity Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Opportunity Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Opportunity Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

CM ADVISORS FIXED INCOME FUND

Fund Summary

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund (the “Fixed Income Fund”) is to seek to preserve capital and maximize total return.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fixed Income Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a % of the amount redeemed within 180 days after purchase)	1%
Exchange Fee	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.40%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ¹	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ¹	<u>0.94%</u>

¹ “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” will not correlate to the ratios of expenses to average net assets in the Fixed Income Fund’s Financial Highlights, which reflect the operating expenses of the Fixed Income Fund and do not include “Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.”

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fixed Income Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fixed Income Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fixed Income Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$ 96	\$ 300	\$ 520	\$1,155

Portfolio Turnover

The Fixed Income Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fixed Income Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fixed Income Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fixed Income Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES OF THE FIXED INCOME FUND

To meet its investment objective, the Fixed Income Fund invests primarily in U.S. dollar denominated fixed income securities that the Advisor believes are undervalued. The Fixed Income Fund may invest in all types of fixed income securities but will typically invest in fixed income securities such as corporate bonds, U.S. government securities and mortgage-backed securities. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fixed Income Fund’s net assets (including the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) will be invested in fixed income investments, which include fixed income securities and shares of other investment companies that invest primarily in fixed income securities. Fixed Income Fund shareholders will be provided with at least 60 days’ prior notice of any change in the foregoing policy.

While the Advisor considers potential income from fixed income securities (interest payments to be made on bonds and notes) when evaluating possible investments for the Fixed Income Fund, the Advisor’s primary criteria for fixed income securities relates to their appreciation potential. In selecting fixed income securities for the Fixed Income Fund, the Advisor generally:

- Reviews the maturity, yield, and ratings from nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (e.g., S&P, Moody’s and Fitch) of a fixed income security, both independently and in relation to the Fund’s current portfolio;
- Analyzes the current and projected financial and economic conditions of the issuer and the market for its securities using proprietary research models; and
- Seeks to purchase fixed income securities that the Advisor believes (i) fit the desired mix of fixed income securities for the portfolio (e.g., the types of securities, maturities and yields then targeted for the Fixed Income Fund); and (ii) offer opportunities for price appreciation.

The Fixed Income Fund may, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities of any credit quality, maturity, or yield. Accordingly, the Fixed Income Fund may hold fixed income securities that receive the highest ratings from Moody’s, S&P, Fitch or a similar rating agency, and fixed income securities that receive lower or the lowest ratings. There is no limitation on the number or amount of lower-rated fixed income securities, such as high-yield or junk bonds, that the Fixed Income Fund may purchase. The Fixed Income Fund may also, without limitation, purchase fixed income securities in any sector and issued by any size company, municipality or government body.

While the Fixed Income Fund's primary focus is investing in fixed income securities, the Fixed Income Fund may invest in cash or cash equivalent positions (for example, shares of money market funds, short-term U.S. Government obligations, commercial paper or repurchase agreements) when the Advisor believes the fixed income securities markets offer limited investment opportunity or are overpriced. The Fixed Income Fund may hold cash or cash equivalent positions for extended periods of time while the Advisor waits for the fixed income securities markets to offer more attractive opportunities.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FIXED INCOME FUND

All investments carry risks, and an investment in the Fixed Income Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all of the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment in the Fixed Income Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Fixed Income Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Fixed Income Fund are generally described below:

- **Market Risk** – Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fixed Income Fund's portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Fixed Income Fund's performance per share will change daily based on many factors, including fluctuation in interest rates, the quality of the instruments in the Fixed Income Fund's investment portfolio, national and international economic conditions and general fixed income market conditions.
- **Income Risk** – One of the Fixed Income Fund's primary sources of income will be derived from the receipt of interest payments from fixed income securities. An economic downturn or an increase in interest rates may have a negative or adverse effect on an issuer's ability to timely make payments of principal and interest. If the issuer fails to make timely interest and/or principal payments, then the Fixed Income Fund's current income will be adversely affected and reduced.
- **Interest Rate Risk** – The price of a fixed income security is dependent upon interest rates. The share price and total return of the Fixed Income Fund, when investing a significant portion of its assets in fixed income securities, will vary in response to changes in interest rates. A rise in interest rates will cause the value of fixed income securities to decrease. Conversely, a decrease in interest rates will cause the value of fixed income securities to increase. Consequently, changes in interest rates may have a significant effect on the Fixed Income Fund, especially if the Fixed Income Fund is holding a significant portion of its assets in fixed income securities that are particularly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations, such as fixed income securities with long-term maturities, zero coupon bonds, and debentures.
- **Junk Bonds or Lower-Rated Securities Risk** – Fixed income securities rated below Baa by Moody's and BBB by S&P or Fitch are generally considered speculative in nature and are generally subject to greater risks with respect to the non-payment of interest and principal and greater market fluctuations than higher-rated fixed income securities. Lower-rated fixed income securities are usually issued by companies without long track records of sales and earnings, or

by companies with questionable credit strength. These fixed income securities are considered below “investment-grade.” The retail secondary market for these “junk bonds” may be less liquid than that of higher-rated fixed income securities, and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities or could result in lower prices than those used in calculating the Fixed Income Fund’s net asset value. These risks can reduce the value of the Fixed Income Fund’s shares and the income it earns.

- **Credit Risk** – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security (including corporate, government and mortgage-backed securities) will be unable or unwilling to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or otherwise will be unable or unwilling to honor its financial obligations. If the issuer fails to pay interest, the Fixed Income Fund’s income will be reduced. If the issuer fails to repay principal, the value of that security and of the Fixed Income Fund’s shares may be reduced. To the extent the Fixed Income Fund invests in lower rated fixed income securities, the Fixed Income Fund will be subject to a higher level of credit risk than a fund that invests only in the highest rated fixed income securities.

Corporate and municipal fixed income securities purchased by the Fixed Income Fund may be of any credit quality, maturity or yield. Accordingly, the Fixed Income Fund’s fixed income securities may include “investment grade” securities (those rated at least Baa by Moody’s, BBB by S&P or Fitch or, if not rated, of equivalent quality in the Advisor’s opinion). However, the Fixed Income Fund’s fixed income securities may also include lower-rated securities including, without limitation, high-yield securities (“junk bonds”) rated below Baa by Moody’s or BBB by S&P or Fitch (see “Junk Bonds or Lower-Rated Securities Risk” below). The Fixed Income Fund’s fixed income security investments are subject to risks of non-payment of interest and principal, the risk that bond demand in the marketplace will decrease periodically, and the risk that ratings of the various credit services (and the Advisor’s independent assessments of the securities creditworthiness) are or may become inaccurate.

- **Maturity Risk** – Maturity risk is another factor that can affect the value of the Fixed Income Fund’s fixed income security holdings. In general, but not in all cases, the longer the maturity of a fixed income security, the higher its yield and the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Conversely, the shorter the maturity, the lower the yield but the greater the price stability. The Fixed Income Fund will be subject to greater maturity risk to extent it is invested in fixed income securities with longer maturities.
- **Management Style Risk** – The share price of the Fixed Income Fund changes daily based on the performance of the securities in which it invests. The ability of the Fixed Income Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Advisor’s allocation of the Fixed Income Fund’s assets and selection of securities. The Advisor’s judgments about the attractiveness, value, and potential income and appreciation of particular fixed income securities, cash or cash equivalents or other securities in which the Fixed Income Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and there is no assurance that the Advisor’s judgment will produce the desired

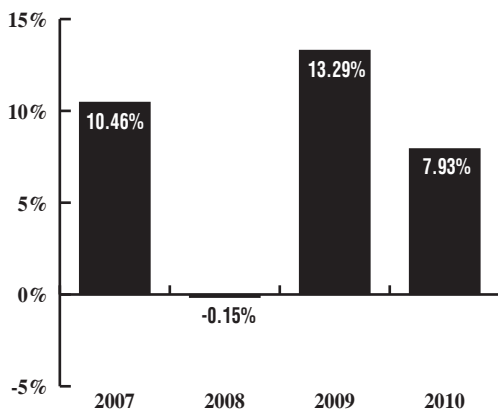
results. In addition, the Fixed Income Fund may allocate its assets so as to under-emphasize or over-emphasize fixed income securities, cash or cash equivalents, or other investments under the wrong market conditions, in which case the value of the Fixed Income Fund's portfolio may be adversely affected.

- **Mortgage Risk** – Because rising interest rates reduce the tendency of mortgage borrowers to prepay or refinance their loans, rising interest rates tend to increase the effective maturity of mortgage-related securities, resulting in greater losses when interest rates rise. This is known as extension risk. Conversely, falling interest rates may encourage borrowers to pay off or refinance their mortgages sooner than expected. This can reduce the effective maturity of mortgage-related securities and lower the returns of the Fixed Income Fund because the Fund will have to reinvest its assets at the lower prevailing interest rates. This is known as prepayment risk.
- **Regional and Sector Risk** – Regional and sector risk is the risk that if the Fixed Income Fund invests heavily in securities within the same country, state, region, currency, industry or economic sector, an adverse economic, business or political development may affect the value of the Fixed Income Fund's investments more than if its investments were not so focused. To the extent the Fixed Income Fund invests heavily in securities in any such area that experiences an adverse development, the value of the Fixed Income Fund's portfolio may be negatively affected.
- **Other Investment Companies Risk** – Investments in other investment companies subject the Fixed Income Fund to additional operating and management fees and expenses. Fixed Income Fund investors will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying investment company in which the Fund invests, in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. Other investment companies are also subject to the risks of the underlying securities in which they invest.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The bar chart and table shown below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fixed Income Fund by showing changes in the Fixed Income Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fixed Income Fund's average annual total returns for one year and since inception compare with those of a broad-based securities market index. How the Fixed Income Fund has performed in the past (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information, current to the most recent month end, is available by calling 1-888-859-5856.

**CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund
Calendar Year Returns**



The Fixed Income Fund's year-to-date return through March 31, 2011 is 0.74%.

Quarterly Returns During This Time Period

Highest: 7.18% (quarter ended September 30, 2007)

Lowest: -2.80% (quarter ended June 30, 2007)

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2010	One Year	Since Inception (March 24, 2006)
CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund		
Return Before Taxes	7.93%	8.27%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	6.75%	6.39%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	5.14%	5.98%
Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.54%	6.06%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fixed Income Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account (IRA).

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Investment Advisor

Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors)

Portfolio Manager

Thomas W. Siderewicz is a Senior Fixed Income Analyst and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor and has been a portfolio manager of the Fixed Income Fund since its inception in 2006.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

Minimum Initial Investment

\$2,500 (\$1,000 for tax-deferred and tax-exempt accounts, including IRA accounts, and \$100 for an automatic investment plan.)

Minimum Subsequent Investments

There is no minimum additional investment amount except for those participating in the automatic investment plan, for which the minimum subsequent investment is \$100.

General Information

You may purchase or redeem (sell) shares of the Fixed Income Fund on each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Transactions may be initiated by written request, by telephone or through your financial intermediary. Written requests to the Fixed Income Fund should be sent to the CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. For more information about purchasing and redeeming shares, please see “How to Buy Shares” and “How to Redeem Shares” in the Prospectus or call 1-888-859-5856 for assistance.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fixed Income Fund’s distributions are generally taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. If you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, you may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fixed Income Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fixed Income Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fixed Income Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fixed Income Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

Other Information About the Funds' Investment Objectives, Investment Strategies and Related Risks

Each Fund's investment objective may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval upon at least 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders. An investment in the Funds should not be considered a complete investment program. An investor's needs will depend largely on his or her financial resources and individual investment goals and objectives. An investment in the Funds is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Investors who engage in short-term trading and/or other speculative strategies and styles will not find the Funds to be an appropriate investment vehicle.

In connection with its short sales, the Opportunity Fund may be required to maintain a segregated account with the custodian of cash or liquid assets which will be marked to market daily so that it equals: (i) the current market value of the securities sold short by the Fund; less (ii) any collateral deposited with its broker (not including the proceeds from the short sales). The Opportunity Fund will limit its short sales so that no more than 50% of its net assets (less all its liabilities other than obligations under the short sales) will be deposited as collateral and allocated to the segregated account.

The Advisors Fund, the Small Cap Value Fund and the Opportunity Fund generally sell securities when the Advisor believes other opportunities are more attractive or that such securities are unlikely to benefit from current business, market, and economic conditions. The Fixed Income Fund will generally sell fixed income securities when the Advisor believes that they no longer represent attractive values, or no longer fit the desired mix of securities for the Fixed Income Fund.

Portfolio turnover is a ratio that indicates how often the securities in a mutual fund's portfolio change during a year's time. In general, higher numbers indicate a greater number of changes, and lower numbers indicate a smaller number of changes. Although the investment strategies of the Advisors Fund, the Small Cap Value Fund and the Fixed Income Fund emphasize longer-term investments that typically result in portfolio turnover of less than 100%, these Funds may, from time to time, have a higher portfolio turnover when the Advisor's implementation of the Fund's investment strategy or a temporary defensive position results in more frequent portfolio trading. Under normal circumstances, the anticipated portfolio turnover rate for the Opportunity Fund is expected to be greater than 100%. Since trading equity securities normally costs the Fund a brokerage commission, high portfolio turnover may have a significant adverse impact on such Fund's performance. In addition, because sales of securities in each Fund's portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss, high portfolio turnover may result in significant tax consequences for shareholders. For example, if a Fund experiences high portfolio turnover in a given year, such turnover would likely result in short-term capital gains. Shareholders will be taxed on short-term capital gains at ordinary income tax rates.

Temporary Defensive Positions. Each Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political, or other

conditions. During such an unusual set of circumstances, a Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in cash or cash equivalent positions. When a Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

Management and Administration

Investment Advisor. Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors) serves as the Funds' investment advisor and manages the investments in each Fund's portfolio. The Advisor's principal office is located at 805 Las Cimas Parkway, Suite 430, Austin, Texas 78746. The Advisor has been engaged in the investment advisory business since 1974 and, as of March 31, 2011, managed approximately \$2 billion under the assumed (d/b/a) names "Century Management" and "CM Fund Advisors."

The Advisor has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with each Fund (the "Advisory Agreements"), under which the Advisor selects the securities and manages the investments for the Funds, subject to the oversight of the Board. Under the Advisory Agreements, the Advisors Fund and the Opportunity Fund each pay the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.25% of its average daily net assets, the Small Cap Value Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of its average daily net assets, and the Fixed Income Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee at the annual rate of 0.50% of its average daily net assets. The total management fee paid, as a percentage of average net assets, for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011 was 1.23% for the Advisors Fund and 0.50% for the Fixed Income Fund. The Advisor waived its entire management fee for the fiscal period ended February 28, 2011 for the Opportunity Fund. Information regarding management fees paid by the Small Cap Value Fund is not provided because the Fund is newly organized and therefore no financial information is included in this Prospectus.

The Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with each Fund under which it has agreed to waive its fees and to assume other expenses of the Funds, if necessary, in an amount that limits annual ordinary operating expenses (exclusive of interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, extraordinary expenses and payments, if any, under a Rule 12b-1 Plan) to not more than 1.50% of the average daily net assets of the Advisors Fund, the Opportunity Fund and the Fixed Income Fund and not more than 1.25% of the average daily net assets of the Small Cap Value Fund, each until July 1, 2012. It is expected that the Expense Limitation Agreements will continue from year-to-year provided such continuance is approved by the Board. The Expense Limitation Agreements may also be terminated by the Advisor and the Board at the end of the then current term upon not less than 90 days' notice to the other party as set forth in each Expense Limitation Agreement.

James D. Brilliant, Arnold Van Den Berg and Thomas W. Siderewicz are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Advisors Fund. Mr. Brilliant is Co-Chief Investment Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and has been employed by the Advisor since 1986. Mr. Brilliant has more than 23 years of investment management and financial analysis experience and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member

of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg is Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He oversees the management and administration of the Funds and has served as co-portfolio manager or a member of an investment committee managing the Advisors Fund since its inception. Mr. Arnold Van Den Berg founded the Advisor in 1974 and has worked in the investment management business for over 40 years. Mr. Siderewicz is Senior Fixed Income Research Analyst and Portfolio Manager of the Advisor. He is a CFA and has been employed by the Advisor since 2000. Mr. Siderewicz has more than 18 years of investment management and financial analysis experience and served as a member of the investment committee that managed the Advisors Fund from 2009 to 2011.

The Small Cap Value Fund has been managed by Mr. Brilliant since its inception.

The Opportunity Fund has been managed by Stephen W. Shipman since its inception. Mr. Shipman, Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, is a CFA and has been employed by the Advisor since 2009. Mr. Shipman has more than 25 years of investment management and financial industry experience. Prior to joining the Advisor, he served as Executive Vice President and Director of Research of Bjurman, Barry & Associates from 1997-2009.

The Fixed Income Fund is managed by Mr. Siderewicz, who became primarily responsible for managing the Fixed Income Fund in 2009; prior to that time, Arnold Van Den Berg, Mr. Brilliant and Mr. Siderewicz were designated as co-portfolio managers of the Fund.

The Funds' Statement of Additional Information (the "SAI") provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of shares of the Funds.

Board Approval of the Advisory Agreement. A discussion of the factors considered by the Board in its most recent approval of the Advisory Agreements for the Advisors Fund, the Fixed Income Fund and the Opportunity Fund, including the Board's conclusions with respect thereto, is available in the Funds' Annual Report to shareholders for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011. A discussion of the factors considered by the Board in its most recent approval of the Advisory Agreement for the Small Cap Value Fund, including the Board's conclusions with respect thereto, will be available in the Funds' Semi-Annual Report to shareholders for the period ended August 31, 2011. You may obtain a copy of the Funds' Annual and Semi-Annual Report, without charge, upon request to the Funds.

Board of Trustees. Each Fund is a series of the CM Advisors Family of Funds (the "Trust"), an open-end management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust on November 22, 2002. The Board supervises the operations of the Funds according to applicable state and federal law, and is responsible for the overall management of each Fund's business affairs.

Administrator and Transfer Agent. Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (the “Administrator” or the “Transfer Agent,” as appropriate), 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246, serves as the Funds’ administrator, transfer agent and fund accounting agent. Management and administrative services of the Administrator include (i) providing office space, equipment and officers and clerical personnel to the Funds, (ii) obtaining valuations, calculating net asset values and performing other accounting, tax and financial services, (iii) recordkeeping, (iv) regulatory, compliance and reporting services, (v) processing shareholder account transactions and disbursing dividends and distributions, and (vi) supervising custodial and other third party services.

Custodian. U.S. Bank, N.A., 425 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202, serves as the custodian of the Funds’ securities.

Distributor. Ultimus Fund Distributors, LLC (the “Distributor”) is the principal underwriter for each Fund and serves as the exclusive agent for the distribution of Fund shares. The Distributor may sell each Fund’s shares to or through qualified securities dealers or other approved entities.

Other Expenses. In addition to the investment advisory fees, each Fund pays all expenses not expressly assumed by the Advisor, including, without limitation, the fees and expenses of its independent registered public accounting firm and of its legal counsel; the costs of printing and mailing to shareholders annual and semi-annual reports, proxy statements, prospectuses, SAIs and supplements thereto; bank transaction charges and custody fees; any costs associated with shareholder meetings, including proxy solicitors’ fees and expenses; registration and filing fees; federal, state or local income or other taxes; interest; membership fees of the Investment Company Institute and similar organizations; fidelity bond and liability insurance premiums; and any extraordinary expenses, such as indemnification payments or damages awarded in litigation or settlements made.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses. In the sections entitled “Fund Summary: CM Advisors Fund – Fees and Expenses of the Fund” and “Fund Summary: CM Advisors Fixed Income Fund – Fees and Expenses of the Fund,” the “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” are based upon the actual expenses incurred by the applicable Fund for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011. In the sections entitled “Fund Summary: CM Advisors Small Cap Value Fund – Fees and Expenses of the Fund” and “Fund Summary: CM Advisors Opportunity Fund – Fees and Expenses of the Fund”, the “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” are based upon estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

How Net Asset Value is Determined

The net asset value (“NAV”) of each Fund’s shares (or share class) is calculated as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) on each day that the NYSE is open for business. Currently, the NYSE is closed on weekends and in recognition of the following holidays: New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good

Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. To calculate a Fund's NAV (or the NAV of a share class), its assets are valued and totaled, liabilities are subtracted, and the balance is divided by the number of shares outstanding. Each Fund generally values its portfolio securities at their current market values determined on the basis of readily available market quotations. Securities and assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or which cannot be accurately valued using the Funds' normal pricing procedures are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under policies approved by the Board. Fair value pricing may be used, for example, in situations where (i) a portfolio security is so thinly traded, such as a small-cap stock, or so recently issued that there have been no transactions for that security over an extended period of time; (ii) an event occurs after the close of the exchange on which a portfolio security is principally traded that is likely to have changed the value of the portfolio security prior to the Funds' NAV calculation; (iii) the value of a portfolio security, such as a fixed income security which is typically valued within a matrix pricing system, cannot be made by analogy to a comparable security; (iv) the exchange on which the portfolio security is principally traded closes early; or (v) trading of the particular portfolio security is halted during the day and does not resume prior to the Funds' NAV calculation. Pursuant to policies adopted by the Board, the Advisor consults with the Administrator on a regular basis regarding the need for fair value pricing. The Advisor is responsible for notifying the Board (or the Trust's Fair Value Committee) when it believes that fair value pricing is required for a particular security. The Funds' policies regarding fair value pricing are intended to result in a calculation of each Fund's NAV that fairly reflects portfolio security values as of the time of pricing. A portfolio security's "fair value" price may differ from the price next available for that portfolio security using the Funds' normal pricing procedures, and the fair value price may differ substantially from the price at which the security may ultimately be traded or sold. The Board monitors and evaluates the Funds' use of fair value pricing, and periodically reviews the results of any fair valuation under the Funds' policies. To the extent any assets of a Fund are invested in other open-end investment companies that are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Fund's NAV with respect to those assets is calculated based upon the NAV of such registered open-end investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which they will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing. If securities in which the Funds invest are listed primarily on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Funds do not price their shares, the NAV of the Funds' shares may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem shares of the Funds.

Your order to purchase or redeem Fund shares is priced at the next NAV calculated after your order is received in proper form. See "How to Buy Shares" and "How to Redeem Shares" for instructions regarding the "proper form" for purchase and redemption orders, respectively. Redemptions of Fund shares may be subject to a redemption fee (see "How to Redeem Shares - Redemption Fee" for details).

How to Buy Shares

The Advisors Fund and the Small Cap Value Fund are composed of multiple classes of shares. In addition to Class I shares offered through this Prospectus, these Funds offer Class C shares and Class R shares in separate Prospectuses. The three classes represent interests in the same portfolio of investments and have the same rights, but differ primarily in the minimum investment requirements and expenses to which they are subject. You should consult your financial advisor for assistance in helping you decide which share class is best for you. The Opportunity Fund and the Fixed Income Fund have only one class of shares offered through this Prospectus.

Shares of each Fund may be purchased without imposition of an initial sales charge. Such shares of each Fund are available for purchase every day the NYSE is open for business, at the Fund's NAV next calculated after receipt of the purchase order in proper form. Each Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase request and suspend its offering of shares at any time. Confirmations of all purchases or redemptions of Fund shares will be mailed to you if shares are purchased through the Fund. Certificates representing shares are not issued.

Minimum Initial Investment. Shares of the Opportunity Fund and the Fixed Income Fund and Class I shares of the Advisors Fund and the Small Cap Value Fund may be purchased directly through the Fund, by any account managed by the Advisor or by any broker-dealer or other financial intermediary authorized to sell shares of the Funds. The minimum initial investment is generally \$250,000 for accounts in Class I shares of the Advisors Fund and the Small Cap Value Fund. The minimum initial investment is generally \$2,500 for taxable accounts and \$1,000 for tax deferred and tax exempt accounts in the Opportunity Fund and the Fixed Income Fund. The minimum investment requirements for all Funds may be waived or reduced for any reason at the discretion of the Advisor. In addition, the minimum initial investment for Class I shares of the Advisors Fund and the Small Cap Value Fund will be waived for clients of the Advisor, certain broker-dealers or other financial intermediaries that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Advisors Fund or the Small Cap Value Fund, or shareholders who established accounts in a Fund prior to July 1, 2011 and have continuously held shares in such Fund since July 1, 2011.

Opening an Account. An account may be opened by mail or bank wire, as follows:

By Mail. To open a new account by mail:

- Complete and sign the account application.
- Enclose a check payable to the applicable Fund; please reference Class I shares if applicable to ensure proper crediting to your account.
- Mail the application and the check to the Transfer Agent at the following address:

CM Advisors Family of Funds
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

When shares are purchased by check, the proceeds from the redemption of those shares may not be paid until the purchase check has been converted to federal funds, which could take up to 15 calendar days from the date of purchase. If an order to purchase shares is canceled because your check does not clear, you will be responsible for any resulting losses or other fees incurred by the Funds or the Transfer Agent in the transaction. The Funds do not accept third party checks, checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions, cash, drafts, money orders, cashier's checks less than \$10,000, traveler's checks, credit card checks, "starter" checks or post-dated checks.

By sending your check to the Funds, please be aware that you are authorizing the Funds to make a one-time electronic debit from your account at the financial institution indicated on your check. Your bank account will be debited as early as the same day the Funds receive your payment in the amount of your check; no additional amount will be added to the total. The transaction will appear on your bank statement. Your original check will be destroyed once processed, and you will not receive your canceled check back. If the Funds cannot post the transaction electronically, you authorize the Funds to present an image copy of your check for payment.

By Wire Transfer. To open a new account by wire transfer from your financial institution, call the Transfer Agent at 1-888-859-5856. A representative will assist you in obtaining an account application by telecopy or mail, which must be completed, signed and telecopied or mailed to the Transfer Agent before payment by wire may be made.

The Funds require advance notification of all wire purchases in order to ensure that the wire is received in proper form and that your account is subsequently credited in a timely fashion for a given trade date. Failure to notify the Transfer Agent prior to the transmittal of the bank wire may result in a delay in purchasing shares of the Funds. An order is considered received when the Funds receive payment by wire in proper form. However, the completed and signed account application must be mailed to the Transfer Agent on the same day the wire payment is made. See "Opening an Account – By Mail" above. Your financial institution may charge a fee for wiring funds.

Through Your Broker or Financial Institution. Shares of the Funds may be purchased through certain brokerage firms and financial institutions that are authorized to accept orders on behalf of the Funds and such organizations may be authorized to designate intermediaries to accept orders on behalf of the Funds. Orders will be priced at the NAV next determined after your order is received by such organization, or its authorized designee, in proper form. These organizations may charge you transaction fees on purchases of Fund shares and may impose other charges or restrictions or account options that differ from those applicable to shareholders who purchase shares directly through the Funds. These organizations may be the shareholders of record of your shares. The Funds are not responsible for ensuring that the organizations carry out their obligations to their customers. Shareholders investing in this manner should look to the organization through which they invest for specific instructions on how to purchase and redeem shares.

Subsequent Investments. Once an account is opened, additional purchases of Fund shares may be made at any time. There is no minimum additional investment amount except for those participating in an automatic investment plan described below. Additional purchases may be made:

- By sending a check, made payable to the applicable Fund, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. Be sure to note your account number on the memo line of your check. The shareholder will be responsible for any fees incurred or losses suffered by the Funds as a result of any check returned for insufficient funds.
- By wire transfer from your financial institution as described under “Opening an Account – By Wire Transfer.” Shareholders should call the Transfer Agent at 1-888-859-5856 before wiring funds.
- Through your brokerage firm or other financial institution.

Automatic Investment Plan and Direct Deposit Plan. You may make automatic monthly or quarterly investments in a Fund from your bank, savings and loan or other depository institution account. The minimum investment must be \$100 under the automatic investment plan and investments are made on the 15th and/or last business day of the month. The Transfer Agent currently pays the costs of this service, but reserves the right, upon 30 days’ written notice, to make reasonable charges. Your depository institution may impose its own charge for making transfers from your account.

Your employer may offer a direct deposit plan which will allow you to have all or a portion of your paycheck transferred automatically to purchase shares of a Fund. Social Security recipients may have all or a portion of their social security check transferred automatically to purchase shares of a Fund. Please call 1-888-859-5856 for more information.

Purchases in Kind. Each Fund may accept securities in lieu of cash in payment for the purchase of shares of the Fund. The acceptance of such securities is at the sole discretion of the Funds based upon the suitability of the securities as an investment for the Fund, the marketability of such securities, and other factors which the Funds may deem appropriate. If accepted, the securities will be valued using the same criteria and methods utilized for valuing securities to compute a Fund’s NAV.

Customer Identification and Verification. To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person that opens a new account, and to determine whether such person’s name appears on government lists of known or suspected terrorists and terrorist organizations. As a result, the Funds must obtain the following information for each person that opens a new account:

- Name;
- Date of birth (for individuals);
- Residential or business street address (although post office boxes are still permitted for mailing); and
- Social security number, taxpayer identification number, or other identifying number.

You may also be asked for a copy of your driver's license, passport, or other identifying document in order to verify your identity. In addition, it may be necessary to verify your identity by cross-referencing your identification information with a consumer report or other electronic database. Additional information may be required to open accounts for corporations and other entities. *Federal law prohibits the Funds and other financial institutions from opening a new account unless they receive the minimum identifying information listed above.*

After an account is opened, the Funds may restrict your ability to purchase additional shares until your identity is verified. The Funds also may close your account or take other appropriate action if they are unable to verify your identity within a reasonable time. If your account is closed for this reason, your shares will be redeemed at the NAV next calculated after the account is closed. In each case, your redemption proceeds may be worth more or less than your original investment. The Funds will not be responsible for any loss incurred due to the Funds' inability to verify your identity.

Frequent Trading Policies. Frequent purchases and redemptions ("Frequent Trading") of shares of a Fund may present a number of risks to other shareholders of the Fund. These risks may include, among other things, dilution in the value of shares of the Fund held by long-term shareholders, interference with the efficient management by the Advisor of the Fund's portfolio holdings, and increased brokerage and administration costs. Due to the potential of a thin market for a Fund's portfolio securities, as well as overall adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions affecting the sale price of portfolio securities, a Fund could face untimely losses as a result of having to sell portfolio securities prematurely to meet redemptions. Frequent Trading may also increase portfolio turnover which may result in increased capital gains taxes for shareholders of the Funds. These capital gains could likely include short-term capital gains taxed at ordinary income tax rates.

The Board has adopted a policy that is intended to identify and discourage Frequent Trading by shareholders of the Funds. Under the Funds' policy, the Advisor has the discretion to refuse to accept further purchase and/or exchange orders from an investor if the Advisor believes the investor has a pattern of Frequent Trading that the Advisor considers not to be in the best interests of the other shareholders. To assist the Advisor in identifying possible Frequent Trading patterns, the Transfer Agent provides a daily record of each Fund's shareholder trades to the Advisor. The Transfer Agent also assists the Advisor in monitoring and testing shareholder purchase and redemption orders for possible incidents of Frequent Trading.

Under the Funds' policy regarding Frequent Trading, the Funds intend to limit investments from investor accounts that purchase and redeem shares over a period of less than 10 days in which (i) the redemption amount is within 10 percent of the previous purchase amount(s); (ii) the redemption amount is greater than \$10,000; and (iii) two or more such redemptions occur during a 60 calendar day period. In the event such a purchase and redemption pattern occurs, an investor account and any other account with the same taxpayer identification number will be precluded from investing in the Funds (including investments that are part of an exchange transaction) for at least 30 calendar days after the redemption transaction.

The Funds do not accommodate frequent purchases or redemptions of Fund shares.

The Funds use all reasonable means available to ensure these restrictions are applied uniformly. However, when financial intermediaries establish omnibus accounts in a Fund for their clients, the Fund may not be able to monitor the individual clients' trading activity. The Funds review trading activity at the omnibus account level, and look for activity that may indicate potential Frequent Trading or market timing. If a Fund detects suspicious trading activity, the Fund will seek the assistance of the intermediary to investigate that trading activity and take appropriate action, including prohibiting additional purchases of Fund shares by the intermediary and/or its client. Each intermediary that offers a Fund's shares through an omnibus account has entered into an information sharing agreement with the Fund designed to assist the Fund in stopping Frequent Trading. Intermediaries may apply frequent trading policies that differ from those described in this Prospectus. If you invest with the Funds through an intermediary, please read that firm's program materials carefully to learn of any rules or fees that may apply.

A redemption fee is charged on redemptions of shares of any Fund occurring within 180 days of the purchase of such shares. The fee is intended to defray the costs of liquidating an investor's position in the Fund and to discourage Frequent Trading of Fund shares. See the section entitled "How to Redeem Shares – Redemption Fee" for additional information on the redemption fee.

Although the Funds have taken steps to discourage Frequent Trading of Fund shares, they cannot guarantee that such trading will not occur.

How to Exchange Shares

Shares of the Opportunity Fund and the Fixed Income Fund may be exchanged for each other or for Class I shares of any series of the Trust. Class I shares of each Fund may be exchanged for shares of the same class of shares of any other series of the Trust or shares of any series of the Trust that does not offer multiple share classes. However, you must meet the minimum investment requirements for the Fund or share class into which you are exchanging. The exchange of shares of one Fund for shares of another Fund is treated, for federal income tax purposes, as a sale on which you may realize a taxable gain or loss. A redemption fee of 1% of the dollar value of the shares exchanged, payable to the applicable Fund, is imposed on any exchange of shares of any Fund occurring within 180 days of the date of purchase. See the section entitled "How to Redeem Shares – Redemption Fee" for additional information on the redemption fee.

Shares of a Fund acquired by means of an exchange will be purchased at the NAV next determined after acceptance of the exchange request by the Transfer Agent. Exchanges may be made by sending a written request to the Transfer Agent, or by calling 1-888-859-5856. Please provide the following information:

- Your name and telephone number
- The exact name of your account and your account number

- Taxpayer identification number (usually your Social Security number)
- Dollar value or number of shares to be exchanged
- The name of the Fund from which the exchange is to be made
- The name of the Fund into which the exchange is being made

The registration and taxpayer identification numbers of the two accounts involved in the exchange must be identical. To prevent the abuse of the exchange privilege to the disadvantage of other shareholders, the Funds reserve the right to terminate or modify the exchange privilege upon 60 days notice to shareholders.

The Transfer Agent requires personal identification before accepting any exchange request by telephone, and telephone exchange instructions may be recorded. If reasonable procedures are followed by the Transfer Agent, neither the Transfer Agent nor the Funds will be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent telephone instructions. In the event of drastic economic or market changes, a shareholder may experience difficulty in exchanging shares by telephone. If such a case should occur, sending exchange instructions by mail should be considered.

How to Redeem Shares

Shares of each Fund may be redeemed on any day on which the Fund computes its NAV. Shares are redeemed at their NAV next determined after receipt of your redemption request in proper form. Redemption requests may be made by mail or by telephone.

By Mail. You may redeem shares by mailing a written request to CM Advisors Family of Funds, c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707. Written requests must state the shareholder's name, the name of the Fund, the account number and the shares or dollar amount to be redeemed and be signed exactly as the shares are registered.

If the shares to be redeemed have a value of greater than \$50,000, or if the payment of the proceeds of a redemption of any amount is to be sent to a person other than the shareholder of record or to an address other than that on record with the Fund, you must have all signatures on written redemption requests guaranteed. If the name(s) or the address on your account has changed within the previous 15 days of your redemption request, the request must be made in writing with your signature guaranteed, regardless of the value of the shares being redeemed. The Transfer Agent will accept signatures guaranteed by a domestic bank or trust company, broker, dealer, clearing agency, savings association or other financial institution which participates in the STAMP Medallion program sponsored by the Securities Transfer Association. Signature guarantees from financial institutions which do not participate in the STAMP Medallion program will not be accepted. A notary public cannot provide a signature guarantee. The Transfer Agent has adopted standards for accepting signature guarantees from the above institutions. The Funds and the Transfer Agent reserve the right to amend these standards at any time without notice.

Redemption requests by corporate and fiduciary shareholders must be accompanied by appropriate documentation establishing the authority of the person seeking to act on behalf of the account. Forms of resolutions and other documentation to assist in compliance with the Transfer Agent's procedures may be obtained by calling the Transfer Agent.

By Telephone. Unless you specifically decline the telephone redemption privilege on your account application, you may also redeem shares having a value of \$50,000 or less by telephone by calling the Transfer Agent at 1-888-859-5856.

Telephone redemptions may be requested only if the proceeds are to be sent to the shareholder of record and mailed to the address on record with the Funds. Account designations may be changed by sending the Transfer Agent a written request with all signatures guaranteed as described above. The Transfer Agent requires personal identification before accepting any redemption request by telephone, and telephone redemption instructions may be recorded. If reasonable procedures are followed by the Transfer Agent, neither the Transfer Agent nor the Funds will be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent telephone instructions. In the event of drastic economic or market changes, a shareholder may experience difficulty in redeeming shares by telephone. If such a case should occur, redemption by mail should be considered.

By Wire Transfer. Redemption requests may direct that the proceeds be wired directly to your existing account in any commercial bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. If your instructions request a redemption by wire, you will be charged a \$15 processing fee by the Custodian. The Funds reserve the right, upon 30 days' written notice, to change the processing fee. All charges will be deducted from your account by redemption of shares in your account. Your bank or brokerage firm may also impose a charge for processing the wire. In the event that wire transfer of funds is impossible or impractical, the redemption proceeds will be sent by mail to the address of record for the account.

Through Your Broker or Financial Institution. You may also redeem your shares through a brokerage firm or financial institution that has been authorized to accept orders on behalf of the Funds. Your redemption will be processed at the NAV next determined after your order is received by such organization, or its authorized designee, in proper form. NAV is normally determined at 4:00 p.m., Eastern time. Your brokerage firm or financial institution may require a redemption request to be received at an earlier time during the day in order for your redemption to be effective as of the day the order is received. These organizations may be authorized to designate other intermediaries to act in this capacity. Such an organization may charge you transaction fees on redemptions of Fund shares and may impose other charges or restrictions or account options that differ from those applicable to shareholders who redeem shares directly through the Transfer Agent.

Receiving Payment. The Funds normally make payment for all shares redeemed within 7 days after receipt by the Transfer Agent of a redemption request in proper form. A wire of redemption proceeds normally will be sent on the business day following the redemption request. However, when shares are purchased by check, the proceeds

from the redemption of those shares will not be paid until the purchase check has been converted to federal funds, which could take up to 15 calendar days. Under unusual circumstances as provided by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Funds may suspend the right of redemption or delay payment of redemption proceeds for more than 7 days.

Redemption Fee. A redemption fee of 1% of the dollar value of the shares redeemed, payable to the applicable Fund, is imposed on any redemption of shares of any Fund occurring within 180 days of the date of purchase. No redemption fee will be imposed on involuntary redemptions of accounts below the minimum investment amount, the redemption of shares representing reinvested dividends or capital gains distributions, or on amounts representing capital appreciation of shares. In determining whether a redemption fee is applicable to a particular redemption, it is assumed that the redemption is first of shares acquired pursuant to the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions, and next of other shares held by the shareholder for the longest period of time. The redemption fee is also waived on required distributions from IRA accounts due to the shareholder reaching age 70 1/2, and for any partial or complete redemption following death or disability (as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code) of a shareholder named on the account. This exemption is available only for shares held at the time of death or initial determination of disability and if the Fund is notified of the requested exemption at the time of the redemption request. The Funds may require further documentation in connection with these waivers.

Minimum Account Balance. Due to the high cost of maintaining shareholder accounts, the Funds may involuntarily redeem shares in an account, and pay the proceeds to the shareholder, if the shareholder's account balance falls below the minimum initial investment required for your type of account (see "Minimum Initial Investment" above) due to shareholder redemptions. This does not apply, however, if the balance falls below the minimum solely because of a decline in a Fund's NAV. Before shares are redeemed to close an account, the shareholder is notified in writing and allowed 30 days to purchase additional shares to meet the minimum account balance requirement.

Redemptions in Kind. The Funds reserve the right to make payment for a redemption in securities rather than cash, which is known as a "redemption in kind." This would be done only under extraordinary circumstances and if a Fund deems it advisable for the benefit of all shareholders, such as a very large redemption that could affect Fund operations (for example, more than 1% of a Fund's net assets). A redemption in kind will consist of securities equal in market value to your shares. When you convert these securities to cash, you will pay brokerage charges.

Distributions

Each Fund expects to distribute substantially all of its net investment income to its shareholders quarterly and its net realized capital gains at least annually. Absent instructions to pay distributions in cash, distributions will be reinvested automatically in additional shares of the Fund.

Federal Taxes

The following information is meant as a general summary for U.S. taxpayers. Additional information appears in the SAI. Shareholders should rely on their own tax advisors for advice about the particular federal, state, and local tax consequences of investing in the Funds.

Shareholders may elect to receive dividends from net investment income or capital gain distributions, if any, in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Although a Fund will not be taxed on amounts it distributes, shareholders will generally be taxed on distributions, regardless of whether distributions are paid by the Fund in cash or are reinvested in additional Fund shares.

Distributions attributable to net investment income and short-term capital gains are generally taxed as ordinary income, although certain income dividends may be taxed to non-corporate shareholders at long-term capital gains rates. Distributions of long-term capital gains are generally taxed as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long a shareholder has held Fund shares. Distributions may be subject to state and local taxes, as well as federal taxes.

In general, a shareholder who sells or redeems shares will realize a capital gain or loss, which will be long-term or short-term depending upon the shareholder's holding period for the Fund shares. An exchange of shares is treated as a sale and any gain may be subject to tax.

As with all mutual funds, a Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax (presently at the rate of 28%) for all distributions payable to shareholders who fail to provide the Fund with their correct taxpayer identification numbers or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the IRS that they are subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, it is a way in which the IRS ensures it will collect taxes otherwise due. Any amounts withheld by a Fund may be credited against a shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

You will normally be notified by February 15 of each year about the federal tax status of distributions made by the Funds during the prior year. Depending on your residence for tax purposes, distributions also may be subject to state and local taxes.

Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors to ensure that distributions and sales of Fund shares are treated appropriately on their income tax returns.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the past 5 years (or if shorter, the period of the Fund's operations). Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Funds (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by BBD, LLP, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Annual Report to shareholders, which may be obtained at no charge by calling the Funds. Information is not provided for the Small Cap Value Fund because this Fund is newly organized and therefore no financial information is included in this Prospectus. You may request a copy of the Small Cap Value Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Report, once available, at no charge by calling the Fund.

CM ADVISORS FUND – Class I Shares

Per share data for a share outstanding throughout each year:

	Years Ended				
	February 28, 2011	February 28, 2010	February 28, 2009	February 29, 2008	February 28, 2007
Net asset value at beginning of year ..	\$ 8.95	\$ 5.71	\$ 10.25	\$ 12.75	\$ 12.11
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.14	0.19
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	1.61	3.24	(4.26)	(2.19)	1.00
Total from investment operations	1.65	3.27	(4.16)	(2.05)	1.19
Less distributions:					
Dividends from net investment income	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.10)	(0.16)	(0.19)
Distributions from net realized gains	—	—	(0.28)	(0.29)	(0.36)
Total distributions	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.38)	(0.45)	(0.55)
Proceeds from redemption fees collected	0.00 ^(a)	0.00 ^(a)	0.00 ^(a)	0.00 ^(a)	0.00 ^(a)
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 10.56	\$ 8.95	\$ 5.71	\$ 10.25	\$ 12.75
Total return ^(b)	18.43%	57.39%	(41.21%)	(16.43%)	9.88%
Ratios and supplemental data:					
Net assets at end of year (000's)	\$ 142,659	\$ 146,190	\$ 103,367	\$ 209,111	\$ 268,861
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	1.52%	1.50%	1.48%	1.46%	1.50%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(c)	1.50%	1.49%	1.48%	1.46%	1.50%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ^(c)	0.39%	0.41%	1.09%	1.07%	1.70%
Portfolio turnover rate	15%	19%	23%	66%	22%

^(a) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01 per share.

^(b) Total return is a measure of the change in value of an investment in the Fund over the period covered, which assumes any dividends or capital gains distributions are reinvested in shares of the Fund. The returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.

^(c) Ratio was determined after investment advisory fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

CM ADVISORS OPPORTUNITY FUND

Per share data for a share outstanding throughout the period:

	Period Ended February 28, 2011 ^(a)
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 10.00
Income (loss) from investment operations:	
Net investment loss	(0.04)
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	0.62
Total from investment operations	0.58
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 10.58
Total return ^(b)	5.80% ^(c)
Ratios and supplemental data:	
Net assets at end of period (000's)	\$ 1,138
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	15.72% ^(d)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(e)	1.50% ^(d)
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets ^(e)	(1.11)% ^(d)
Portfolio turnover rate	178% ^(c)

(a) Represents the period from commencement of operations (November 1, 2010) through February 28, 2011.

(b) Total return is a measure of the change in value of an investment in the Fund over the period covered, which assumes any dividends or capital gains distributions are reinvested in shares of the Fund. The return shown does not reflect the deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) Annualized.

(e) Ratio was determined after investment advisory fee waivers and expense reimbursements.

CM ADVISORS FIXED INCOME FUND

Per share data for a share outstanding throughout each period:

	Year Ended February 28, 2011	Year Ended February 28, 2010	Year Ended February 28, 2009	Year Ended February 29, 2008	Period Ended February 28, 2007 ^(a)
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 11.14	\$ 9.99	\$ 11.01	\$ 10.66	\$ 10.00
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income	0.24	0.32	0.26	0.25	0.29
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	0.49	1.19	(0.38)	0.57	0.84
Total from investment operations	0.73	1.51	(0.12)	0.82	1.13
Less distributions:					
Dividends from net investment income	(0.26)	(0.32)	(0.21)	(0.25)	(0.29)
Distributions from net realized gains	(0.10)	(0.04)	(0.70)	(0.22)	—
In excess of net investment income	—	—	—	—	(0.18)
Total distributions	(0.36)	(0.36)	(0.91)	(0.47)	(0.47)
Proceeds from redemption fees collected	0.00 ^(b)	0.00 ^(b)	0.01	0.00 ^(b)	0.00 ^(b)
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 11.51	\$ 11.14	\$ 9.99	\$ 11.01	\$ 10.66
Total return ^(c)	6.63%	15.45%	(0.60%)	8.05%	11.39% ^(d)

Ratios and supplemental data:

Net assets at end of period (000's) ...	\$ 79,935	\$ 46,424	\$ 19,417	\$ 12,825	\$ 3,126
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	0.90%	1.06%	1.54%	2.28%	7.28% ^(e)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets ^(f)	0.90%	1.06%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50% ^(e)
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ^(f)	2.13%	3.31%	2.77%	2.79%	3.28% ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	21%	0%	37%	188%	0%

(a) Represents the period from commencement of operations (March 24, 2006) through February 28, 2007.

(b) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01 per share.

(c) Total return is a measure of the change in value of an investment in the Fund over the period covered, which assumes any dividends or capital gains distributions are reinvested in shares of the Fund. The returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.

(d) Not annualized.

(e) Annualized.

(f) Ratio was determined after investment advisory fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

Privacy Notice

FACTS		WHAT DOES THE CM ADVISORS FAMILY OF FUNDS DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.	
What?	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Social Security number ▪ Assets ▪ Retirement Assets ▪ Transaction History ▪ Checking Account Information ▪ Purchase History ▪ Account Balances ▪ Account Transactions ▪ Wire Transfer Instructions <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>	
How?	All financial companies need to share your personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons the CM Advisors Family of Funds chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.	
	Does the CM Advisors Family of Funds share?	Can you limit this sharing?
Reasons we can share your personal information		
For our everyday business purposes – Such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes – to offer our products and services to you	No	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share
Questions?	Call 1-888-859-5856	

[This is not part of the Prospectus.]

Who we are	
Who is providing this notice?	CM Advisors Family of Funds Ultimus Fund Distributors, LLC (Distributor) Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC (Administrator)
What we do	
How does the CM Advisors Family of Funds protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.
How does the CM Advisors Family of Funds collect my personal information?	We collect your personal information, for example, when you <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open an account ▪ Provide account information ▪ Give us your contact information ▪ Make deposits or withdrawals from your account ▪ Make a wire transfer ▪ Tell us where to send the money ▪ Tell us who receives the money ▪ Show your government-issued ID ▪ Show your driver's license We also collect your personal information from other companies.
Why can't I limit all sharing?	Federal law gives you the right to limit only <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness ▪ Affiliates from using your information to market to you ▪ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.
Definitions	
Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors), the investment advisor to the CM Advisors Family of Funds, could be deemed to be an affiliate.</i>
Nonaffiliates	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>The CM Advisors Family of Funds does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>The CM Advisors Family of Funds does not jointly market.</i>

For More Information

The SAI provides additional information about each Fund and is incorporated by reference into, and is legally part of, this Prospectus. A description of each Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of its portfolio securities is available in the SAI.

Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to shareholders. In the Funds' Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and strategies that significantly affected each Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI, the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports or other information about the Funds, or to make inquiries about the Funds, please call Toll-Free

1-888-859-5856

This Prospectus, the SAI and the most recent Annual and Semi-Annual Reports are also available without charge on the Funds' website at www.cmadvorsfunds.com or upon written request to Van Den Berg Management I, Inc. (d/b/a CM Fund Advisors), 805 Las Cimas Parkway, Suite 430, Austin, Texas 78746.

Only one copy of a Prospectus or an Annual or Semi-Annual Report will be sent to each household address. This process, known as "Householding," is used for most required shareholder mailings. (It does not apply to confirmations of transactions and account statements, however.) You may, of course, request an additional copy of a Prospectus or an Annual or Semi-Annual Report at any time by calling or writing the Funds. You may also request that Householding be eliminated from all your required mailings.

Information about the Funds (including the SAI) can be reviewed and copied at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information about the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the Securities and Exchange Commission at 1-202-551-8090. Reports and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of information on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Internet site may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing to: Securities and Exchange Commission, Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

CM Advisors Family of Funds Investment Company Act File Number: 811-21260